

Unit I- Islamic Civilization: Arabia, India, Ottomans and Iran

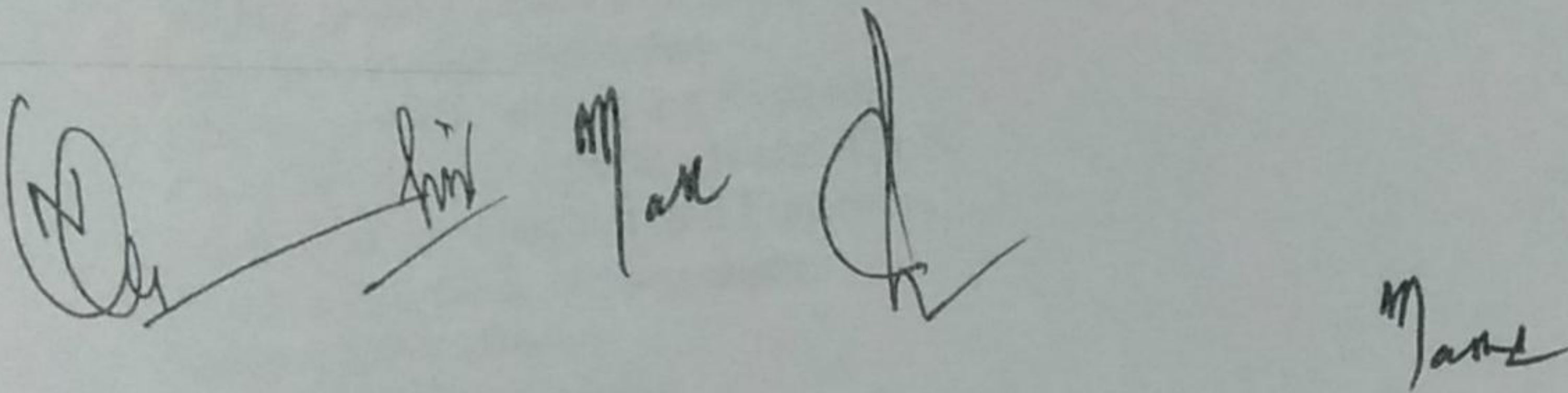
1. Religious Conditions of Jahiliyyah Arabia
2. The Prophet ﷺ at Makkah and Madinah
3. Salient Features of al-Khilafah al-Rashidah
4. The Emergence of Banu Ummayah
5. Prominent Abbasi Khulafa: Mansur, Mamun and Harun al-Rashid
6. Development of Science and Technology during Abbasid Period
7. Society, Administration and Culture under Ghaznavids
8. Contribution to Learning: Natural and Social Sciences in Muslim Spain
9. Early Indo-Arab relations and Spread of Islam in the South
10. Polity, Theory and Administration of the Delhi Sultanate
11. Society, Religious Policy and Administration of the Mughal India
12. Islam and Indian Culture: Interaction, Impact and Bhakti Movement
13. Constitutional Movement of 1876 under Ottomans
14. Religious Policy under the Safavids
15. Intellectual Development under the Qajars
16. Society and Economy under Pahalvis
17. Social, Political and Religious Conditions of Kashmir during 12th- 14th Centuries
18. Sayyid Ali Hamadani: Life, Thought (Political and Sufic) and Role
19. Influence of Central Asia and Iran on Kashmir Society (1339-1586)
20. Role of Socio-Religious Organizations in Kashmir(1880-1947)

Unit II-Religious Sciences, Social Sciences, Muslim Philosophy and Tasawwuf

1. *Wahi, Jama and Tadwin* of the Holy Qur' an
2. Urdu Tafasir: Introduction of *Tarjuman al-Qur' an* and *Tafhim al-Qur' an*
3. Hadith Criticism: An Introduction to *Riwaya wa Diraya, Asma al-Rijal* and *Jarah wa ta' dil*.
4. Sources of Islamic Law: The Qur' an, Sunnah, *Ijma, Qiyas*
5. Meaning, Origin and Development of Tasawwuf
6. Shaikh Abdul Qadir Jilani (R.A.): Life and Role as Da' i
7. Introduction to *Kashaf al-Mahjub*
8. Common Characteristics of Major Sufi Silsilas
9. The Qur' anic Account of ' *Aql, Hikmah, Tadabbur, Tafakkur, Ilm*
10. A Study of Essential Concepts and Doctrines of *Mu' tazilah* and *Ashari' ah*
11. Contribution of Following Muslim Philosophers; Al-Kindi, Al-Farabi, Imam Ghazzali and Ibn Rushd
12. Political Thinkers: Al-Farabi, Al- Mawardi and Nizam al Mulk Tusi
13. Interest-free Banking in Islam: *Musharakah, Mudarabah, Murabaha* etc (An Overview)
14. Islamic Concept of History
15. Islamic Psychology: An Introduction

Unit III- Islam in the Modern World: South Asia, West Asia and Orientalism

1. Concept of *Tajdid* and *Tajadud*
2. Shah Waliullah: *Ijtihad* and Political Thought
3. Sir Sayyid: Main Features of Religious Thought, Educational Contribution
4. S. Abul Ala Mawdudi: Approach to Socio-political Aspects of Islam
5. Muhammad ibn Abd al-Wahhab: Movement and Its Impact
6. Shaykh Muhammad Abduhu: Contribution to Educational and Intellectual Awakening
7. Turkey: Conflict between East and West
8. Ali Shariati; Contribution to Social Thought
9. W.C. Smith: An Introduction of His Works
10. J.L. Esposito: Revivalism
11. J.O. Voll: Reform in Islam
12. Annemarie Schimmel: Meaning of Sufism

A series of handwritten signatures and initials in black ink. From left to right: a large, stylized signature; a signature that appears to be 'Said'; a signature that appears to be 'Mawdudi'; a signature that appears to be 'Abdu'; and a signature that appears to be 'Schimmel'.