

ENTRANCE TEST - 2025

School of Earth & Environmental Sciences

Disaster Management

Total Questions: 60**Roll No.**

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Time Allowed: 70 Minutes**Important Instructions for Candidates:**

1. Candidates shall compulsorily use only **blue/ black ball point pen**. In no case gel/ink pen or pencil should be used.
2. Compulsorily write your **roll number** in the space provided at the top of this page of the question booklet.
3. Fill up the necessary information in the spaces provided on OMR Answer sheet including **Question Booklet Number** and **Question Booklet Series**.
4. OMR Answer sheet has an original copy and a candidate's copy glued beneath it at the top. While making entries in the original copy, candidate should ensure that the **two copies are aligned properly** so that the entries made in the original copy against each item are exactly copied in the candidate's copy.
5. All entries in the OMR Answer Sheet, including answers to questions, are to be recorded in the Original Copy only.
6. **Choose only one correct/most appropriate response** for each question among the options A, B, C and D and darken the circle of the appropriate response completely. Incompletely darkened circle is not correctly read by the OMR scanner and no complaint to this effect shall be entertained.
7. **Do not darken more than one circle of option for any question. A question with more than one darkened response shall be considered wrong.**
8. **There will be negative marking for wrong answers. Each wrong answer will lead to deduction of 0.25 marks per wrong answer from the score.**
9. Only those candidates who obtain positive score in Entrance Test shall be eligible for admission.
10. Do not make any stray mark on the OMR sheet as this may lead to errors while scanning.
11. OMR answer sheet must be handled carefully and it should not be folded or mutilated, as in such case it will not be properly evaluated by the machine.
12. No Electronic gadgets including calculators, mobiles, smart watches, blue tooth etc. shall be permitted inside the examination hall.
13. Rough work, if any, should be done on the blank sheets provided with the question booklet.
14. Ensure that the OMR Sheet is signed by the Examinee as well as by the invigilator.
15. At the end of the examination, fold the OMR Sheet along the crease on the top and tear off the top strip to separate the Original OMR Sheet from the Duplicate Copy.
16. Hand over the Original OMR answer sheet to the invigilator and retain the candidate's copy of OMR, Question Booklet and Admit card for your reference.
17. If any of the information in the response Sheet/Question Paper has been found missing or not mentioned as stated above, the candidate is solely responsible for that lapse.
18. Any deficiency on the OMR shall be the responsibility of the candidate himself/herself.

1. In disaster management, what does the term “vulnerability” mean?
 - a. The intensity of the hazard
 - b. The susceptibility of a community to harm from hazards
 - c. The response time of emergency services
 - d. The geographical location of a hazard
2. Which term describes the process of lessening the impact or effects of a disaster?
 - a. Disaster response
 - b. Disaster recovery
 - c. Disaster mitigation
 - d. Disaster impact
3. Which of the following is NOT typically considered an element of exposure?
 - a. Houses built near a river prone to flooding
 - b. People living in earthquake-prone zones
 - c. Emergency evacuation plans
 - d. Infrastructure located in cyclone-prone coastal areas
4. Which of the following factors contributes to a higher vulnerability to disasters?
 - a. Poor infrastructure and housing
 - b. Effective early warning systems
 - c. High community awareness
 - d. Strong governance
5. Which of the following does NOT represent a form of adaptation?
 - a. Developing drought-resistant crops
 - b. Relocating communities from flood-prone zones
 - c. Ignoring flood warnings
 - d. implementing water conservation techniques
6. Which of the following are examples of non-structural mitigation measures?
 - a. Building dams and levees
 - b. Land-use planning and enforcing building codes
 - c. Installing sirens for emergency alerts
 - d. Evacuating people during a disaster
7. In what ways does community education help in disaster mitigation?
 - a. By increasing community vulnerability
 - b. By raising awareness and promoting preparedness measures
 - c. By ignoring hazard risks
 - d. By encouraging risky behaviour
8. What is a key element of capacity building?
 - a. Strengthening infrastructure and resources
 - b. Ignoring early warning systems
 - c. Increasing disaster impact
 - d. Limiting community participation
9. What is a commonly used tool for assessing risk in disaster risk reduction?
 - a. Risk mapping
 - b. Social media
 - c. Financial auditing
 - d. Product marketing
10. In the context of disaster risk reduction, what does the term “resilience” refer to?
 - a. The cost of disaster relief
 - b. The ability to ignore risks
 - c. The ability to recover quickly from disasters
 - d. The frequency of disasters

11. What is the name of the international framework that focuses mainly on disaster risk reduction for the period 2015 to 2030?
 - a. The Sustainable Development Goals
 - b. The Paris Agreement
 - c. The Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction
 - d. The Kyoto Protocol
12. In the disaster management cycle, which phase includes activities carried out after a disaster to return to normal conditions?
 - a. Preparedness
 - b. Mitigation
 - c. Recovery
 - d. Response
13. The Disaster Management Continuum mainly includes which of the following phases?
 - a. Prevention, Punishment, Preparedness, Protection
 - b. Preparedness, Response, Recovery, Mitigation
 - c. Detection, Response, Recovery, Investigation
 - d. Alert, Evacuation, Relief, Rehabilitation
14. What makes the Disaster Management Continuum cyclical instead of linear?
 - a. Because mitigation is the only important phase
 - b. Because recovery always comes first
 - c. Because the phases overlap and feed into each other continuously
 - d. Because it only focuses on response
15. Mitigation activities within the Disaster Management Continuum generally involve:
 - a. Emergency medical response
 - b. Evacuation drills and training
 - c. Constructing flood barriers and enforcing building codes
 - d. Providing temporary shelters after a disaster
16. Disaster management in India is categorized under which constitutional list?
 - a. Union List
 - b. State List
 - c. Concurrent List
 - d. Residuary List
17. Early warning and evacuation planning are part of which disaster management phase?
 - a. Recovery
 - b. Response
 - c. Preparedness
 - d. Mitigation
18. Among the following, which is NOT a priority area outlined in the Sendai Framework?
 - a. Understanding disaster risk
 - b. Strengthening disaster risk governance
 - c. Enhancing disaster preparedness for effective response
 - d. Developing new weapons for disaster defence
19. What did the Hyogo Framework emphasize integrating disaster risk reduction into?
 - a. Education and health sectors only
 - b. Sustainable development policies and planning
 - c. Military and defence strategies
 - d. International finance

20. How does the Yokohama Strategy promote disaster preparedness?

- Focusing solely on technological solutions
- Emphasis on post-disaster relief only
- Risk assessment, prevention, and mitigation
- Ignoring community participation

21. Among the following, which does NOT align with the Sustainable Development Goals?

- Quality Education
- No Poverty
- Climate Action
- Space Exploration

22. Which Sustainable Development Goal (SDG) focuses on “Sustainable Cities and Communities”?

- SDG 6
- SDG 7
- SDG 11
- SDG12

23. The Disaster Management Act requires the establishment of disaster management authorities at what administrative levels?

- National, State, and District levels
- Only National and State levels
- Only National level
- Only District level

24. What is the primary role of the National Executive Committee (NEC) under the Disaster Management Act?

- To implement policies formulated by NDMA
- To approve disaster management plans at the district level
- To conduct relief operations during natural calamities
- To supervise the work of international NGOs

25. Which institution provides scientific and technical support in disaster management?

- Indian Meteorological Department (IMD)
- National Disaster Response Force (NDRF)
- State Disaster Management Authority (SDMA)
- Ministry of Finance

26. The formation of mountains in the lithosphere is mainly caused by which geological process?

- Volcanic activity
- Plate tectonic collisions
- Erosion
- Weathering

27. Which one of the following is NOT classified as a major biome within the biosphere?

- Desert
- Tundra
- Lithosphere
- Rainforest

28. Which international organization is responsible for monitoring and combating drug abuse worldwide?

- WHO
- UNODC
- UNICEF
- IMF

29. What is the process called when migrants adopt the cultural traits of their new country?

- Colonization
- Segregation
- Emigration
- Assimilation

30. Which of the following is NOT considered a contributing factor to ethnic diversity?

- Migration
- Cultural practices
- Universal language
- Historical origins

31. Which global treaty focuses on reducing greenhouse gas emissions to address global warming?

- Kyoto Protocol
- Geneva Convention
- Paris Agreement
- Montreal Protocol

32. Why is the concept of “Reduce, Reuse, Recycle” important?

- Increasing waste production
- Sustainable waste management
- Encouraging consumerism
- Increasing landfill area

33. ‘*Cloud computing*’ refers to which of the following?

- Using local hard drives for storage
- Storing and accessing data over the internet
- A type of antivirus software
- Computer hardware maintenance

34. Which of the following is an example of an active remote sensing system?

- Thermal sensor
- Radar system
- Optical camera
- Multispectral scanner

35. What does the term ‘*spatial data*’ refer to in the context of GIS?

- Data that is related to space or location
- Data stored in spreadsheets
- Data sent via satellite
- Data about computer networks

36. What is the approximate positioning accuracy provided to users by IRNSS?

- 1000 meters
- 20 meters
- 10 meters
- 100 meters

37. Select the statement that does NOT describe a benefit of NavIC.

- Accurate positioning information in the Indian region
- Independence from foreign navigation systems
- Global positioning coverage similar to GPS
- Improved navigation for civilian and military use

38. Which physiographic region of India is referred to as the “*Storehouse of minerals*”?

- Coastal Plains
- Northern Plains
- Himalayan Region
- Peninsular Plateau

39. At which location in India do the Eastern and Western Ghats converge?

- Anaimalai Hills
- Satpura Range
- Nilgiri Hills
- Aravalli Hills

40. Which region of India receives rainfall from western disturbances during winter?

- Eastern plains
- Northern plains
- Western coast
- Southern plateau

41. The El Niño phenomenon has the most significant impact on which component of the Indian weather system?

- Winter rainfall
- Southwest monsoon
- Fog formation
- Cyclones

42. The Cauvery River flows through which of the following Indian states?

- Karnataka, Tamil Nadu, Andhra Pradesh and Telangana
- Karnataka, Tamil Nadu, Kerala and Puducherry
- Karnataka, Maharashtra, Gujarat and Rajasthan
- Karnataka, Uttar Pradesh, Bihar and West Bengal

43. Which reservoir holds the largest volume of water in India?

- Hirakud Dam
- Bakra Nangal Dam
- Indira Sagar Dam
- Tehri Dam

44. In India, the Indira Gandhi Canal originates from which river?

- Ravi
- Sutlej
- Beas
- Ganga

45. Which of the following forest types is predominant in the Western Ghats?

- Tropical thorn forests
- Tropical evergreen forests
- Montane forests
- Mangrove forests

46. According to the Forest Survey of India (FSI) 2021 report, approximately what percentage of India's total geographical area is covered by forests?

- 19%
- 21%
- 24%
- 33%

47. Name the river basin in India most affected by water-induced soil erosion.

- Ganga
- Narmada
- Krishna
- Godavari

48. Which cyclone is considered the deadliest in India's history?

- Odisha cyclone 1999
- Andhra Pradesh cyclone 2010
- Bengal cyclone 1876
- Mumbai cyclone 2005

49. Among the following Indian states, identify the one with a significant risk of both floods and droughts.

- Kerala
- Maharashtra
- Assam
- Rajasthan

50. Which region experienced the 2024 Western Megafires, leading to massive wildfires across multiple areas?

- Western Australia
- Western Europe
- Western North America
- Western Africa

51. What is the primary objective of the Disaster Management (Amendment) Bill, 2024 introduced in India?

- Establishing a National Disaster Insurance Scheme
- Creating Urban Disaster Management Authorities for major cities
- Merging NDMA and NDRF into a single entity
- Delegating disaster management to private agencies

52. The “*Global Climate Risk Index*” is published annually by

- UNDRR
- Germanwatch
- World Economic Forum
- IPCC

53. “*Disaster Risk Management Systems Analysis: A Guide Book*” is published by which organization?

- Asian Disaster Preparedness Centre (ADPC)
- World Bank
- United Nations University (UNU)
- UNDRR

54. The Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction was adopted in which year?

- 2022
- 2020
- 2018
- 2015

55. Which Japanese city hosted the 3rd UN World Conference on Disaster Risk Reduction in 2015?

- Kyoto
- Osaka
- Sendai
- Tokyo

56. The Hyogo Framework for Action (HFA) was in effect during which years?

- 1984–1994
- 1994–2004
- 2005–2015
- 2016–2026

57. When is the International Day for Disaster Risk Reduction observed annually?

- January 10
- May 15
- September 21
- October 13

58. The National Institute of Disaster Management (NIDM) was officially upgraded in India on _____, from the National Centre for Disaster Management.

- August 20, 2003
- September 19, 2003
- October 16, 2003
- December 14, 2004

59. Where is the Indian Tsunami Early Warning Centre (ITEWC) located?

- Chennai
- Mumbai
- Kolkata
- Hyderabad

60. Where is the United Nations Office for Disaster Risk Reduction (UNDRR) headquartered?

- Bangkok, Thailand
- Geneva, Switzerland
- Brussels, Belgium
- New York, USA

ENTRANCE TEST-2024

SCHOOL OF EARTH & ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES

DISASTER MANAGEMENT

Question Booklet Series

A

Total Questions : 60

Time Allowed : 70 Minutes

Roll No. :

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SEAL

1. What type of Hazard is an earthquake ?
(A) Meteorological
(B) Hydrological
(C) Geological
(D) Biological

2. Most Cyclone hit region of India :
(A) East Coast
(B) West Coast
(C) Central India
(D) None of these

3. When did Bhopal Gas Tragedy happen ?
(A) 1984
(B) 1994
(C) 1974
(D) 1979

4. Which one is the Terrestrial Disaster ?
(A) Cyclone
(B) Hailstorm
(C) Landslide
(D) All of these

5. A set of prevailing or consequential conditions, which adversely affect the community's ability to prevent, mitigate, prepare for and respond to hazardous events :
(A) Vulnerability
(B) Disaster
(C) Disaster risk
(D) Hazard

6. The term disaster is derived from which language ?
(A) Greek
(B) Latin
(C) French
(D) English

7. Which of the following is NOT a structural mitigation measure for earthquakes ?
(A) Installing early warning system
(B) Construction of earthquake resistant buildings
(C) Retrofitting of existing buildings
(D) Strengthening of bridges

8. How many steps are there in the disaster recovery process ?
(A) 7
(B) 4
(C) 5
(D) 8

9. What is the primary purpose of conducting a community vulnerability and capacity assessment in CBDM ?
(A) Identifying potential hazards in the community
(B) Evaluating the effectiveness of Government Disaster Policies
(C) Understanding the community's strengths and weaknesses in dealing with disasters
(D) Conducting relief operations in the community

10. Which of the following is correct for adaption measures of disasters ?
(A) It is localised and region-specific
(B) These are long-term strategies
(C) It is the strategy to adjust to climatic change
(D) It is the strategy to reduce the impact of climate change

11. India's vulnerable landmass prone earthquakes of moderate to very high intensity is :

- (A) 59%
- (B) 12%
- (C) 68%
- (D) None of these

12. The NDMA was Constituted on :

- (A) 27 September 2006
- (B) 27 September 2005
- (C) October 2005
- (D) None of these

13. Which of the following is not the phase of Disaster Management Cycle ?

- (A) Mitigation
- (B) Readiness
- (C) Preparedness
- (D) Response

14. Risk means probability and consequences.

- (A) True
- (B) False

15. Which of the following belong to the 10 core principles of the Yokohama Strategy ?

- (A) Risk assessment
- (B) Capacity building
- (C) Reducing vulnerability through planned development
- (D) All of these

16. When was the Yokohama Strategy for a safer world adopted by UNO ?

- (A) 1990
- (B) 1994
- (C) 1992
- (D) 1996

17. Which one of the Hyogo Framework for Action (HFA) identified five priorities for action is incorrect ?

- (A) Ensure that disaster risk reduction (DRR) is a national and a local priority with a strong institutional basis for implementation
- (B) Identify, assess and monitor disaster risks and enhance early warning
- (C) Use knowledge, innovation and education to build a culture of safety and resilience at all levels
- (D) Reduce the underlying risk factors
- (E) Strengthen disaster preparedness for effective response specific levels

18. The HFA was adopted at the *World Conference on Disaster Reduction*, held in Kobe, Hyogo, Japan in :

- (A) 2005
- (B) 2018
- (C) 2015
- (D) None of these

19. How many targets Sendai Framework has set for 2015-30 ?

- (A) 4
- (B) 7
- (C) 10
- (D) 6

20. When was the Sendai Framework for disaster risk reduction adopted by UN General Assembly ?

- (A) 2015
- (B) 2018
- (C) 2016
- (D) None of these

21. Who is the Chairperson of Disaster Management Authority of India (NDMA) ?
(A) President of India
(B) Prime Minister of India
(C) Home Minister of India
(D) Minister of Environment and Forests

22. Which year is the paradigm shift for the Disaster Management in India ?
(A) 2005
(B) 2006
(C) 2007
(D) 2008

23. The Disaster Management Force was established by Section 26 of :
(A) Parliament of India
(B) Ordinance by the President of India
(C) NDMA
(D) Disaster Management Act, 2005

24. The Centre Government provides SDRF funds to the General Category States and Union Territories to the tune of :
(A) 90%
(B) 75%
(C) 50%
(D) None of these

25. Which one of the following statement is correct Satellite technology can also be used to detect :
(A) Ground movement
(B) Predict landslides
(C) Seismic activity
(D) All of these

26. Which satellite is used specifically for managing the natural resources of the nation and disaster management ?
(A) EDUSAT
(B) INSAT
(C) IRS
(D) GSA

27. Which of the following are biological disasters ?
(A) Cholera
(B) Influenza H1N1(Swine-flu)
(C) COVID-19
(D) All of these

28. Which of the following Legislations enacted in India provides for the Institutional and Operational Framework for disaster prevention response preparedness and recovery at all level ?
(A) The Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974
(B) The Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981
(C) The Environmental (Protection) Act, 1986 and the Rules (1986)
(D) Disaster Management Act, 2005

29. What best describes the Earth's crust ?
(A) Outer most layer of the Earth
(B) Outer most thinnest layer of the Earth
(C) The semi-solid layer
(D) None of these

30. The largest layer of the Earth which composes 84% of its volume is :
(A) Core
(B) Asthenosphere
(C) Mantle
(D) Crust

31. Which of the following is the most stable ecosystem ?
(A) Marine ecosystem
(B) Mountain ecosystem
(C) Desert ecosystem
(D) All of these

32. Bog is a wetland which receives water from :
(A) Nearby water bodies
(B) Rainfall only
(C) Melting of snow
(D) None of these

33. How many percent of carbon dioxide increased in the atmosphere since pre-industrial times ?
(A) About 10%
(B) About 20%
(C) About 30%
(D) About 40%

34. Which one of the following is the anthropogenic radiative forcing of climate ?
(A) Aerosols
(B) Cement
(C) Paper
(D) Glass

35. Which of the following tools of learning does not provide Information and Communication Technology (ICT) ?
(A) Laboratories
(B) Slide Shows
(C) Videos
(D) Calculations

36. How many bits does an IP address consist of ?
(A) 32
(B) 64
(C) 24
(D) 16

37. Which of the following passes does not lie in Ladakh ?
(A) Khardungla Pass
(B) Umlingla Pass
(C) Jelep la Pass
(D) Namkela Pass

38. Which region of Uttar Pradesh is a Duab ?
(A) Bhabar
(B) Gangetic Plain
(C) Vindhyan Hills
(D) None of the above

39. Zojila Pass is in which Mountain range ?
(A) Zanskar Range
(B) Ladakh Range
(C) Karakoram Range
(D) None of these

40. India's largest fresh water reservoir is created by :
(A) Bansagar Project
(B) Indira Sagar Project
(C) Matatila Project
(D) Hirakud Dam Project

41. The second largest glacier outside the polar region is :
(A) Gangotri glacier
(B) Siachen glacier
(C) Lambert glacier
(D) Gem glacier

42. In which one of the following States is "Gir forest" located ?
(A) Maharashtra
(B) Rajasthan
(C) Haryana
(D) Gujarat

43. What is the total (approximate) forest cover of erstwhile State of Jammu and Kashmir ?
(A) 19%
(B) 35%
(C) 20%
(D) 15%

44. Which of the following is out of sequence
Environmental problems can generally be grouped into three categories ?
(A) Resource Depletion
(B) Pollution
(C) Loss of Biodiversity
(D) Population Explosion

45. Which of the following regions is identified as Country's biggest hotspot for soil erosion ?
(A) Sutlej Valley in Uttarakhand
(B) Brahmaputra Valley in Assam
(C) Indus Valley in Ladakh
(D) Ganga Valley in U.P.

46. Which type of farming causes more deforestations ?
(A) Subsistence agriculture
(B) Commercial farming
(C) Mixed farming
(D) All of these

47. Which one of the following Natural Disaster threats looms most at Jammu and Kashmir ?
(A) Landslides
(B) Floods
(C) Earthquakes
(D) Forest fires

48. The greatest flood ever known which came down the Valley and Srinagar occurred in :
(A) 2014
(B) 1903
(C) 1902
(D) 1950

49. What is the theme of International Day of Disaster Risk Reduction 2024 ?
(A) Plastic free world
(B) Afforestation
(C) Role of Education in protecting and empowering Youth
(D) All of these

50. Which of the following Natural Disasters in 2024 is out of sequence ?
(A) Southern Brazil stricken by unprecedented flooding
(B) Deadly floods in China
(C) Unprecedented floods in Dubai, Oman, Bahrain and Qatar
(D) Deadly floods in Pakistan

51. Who is the father of Disaster Management ?
(A) Robert Bullard
(B) R.K. Pachauri
(C) Al Gore
(D) None of these

52. An inconvenient Thrust is written by :
(A) Rachel Carson
(B) Wangari Maathai
(C) Al Gore
(D) Michael Braungart

53. Which country suffered from most disasters (25 in number) in 2023 ?
(A) China
(B) India
(C) America
(D) Brazil

54. Youngest environmentalist of the world :
(A) Greta Thunberg
(B) David Atterborough
(C) Leonardo DiCaprio
(D) None of these

55. Which one is out of sequence in the following ? The erosion not only threatens valuable agricultural areas but also jeopardizes the existence of entire coastal communities marked by dense populations and infrastructural significance :
(A) Mumbai
(B) Kolkata
(C) Chennai
(D) Delhi

56. The most of the Himalayan States with high density of population is most vulnerable to :
(A) Floods
(B) Landslides
(C) Earthquakes
(D) Soil erosion

57. Which of the following organisations coordinates international efforts in disaster risk reduction and it reports on the implementation of the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction ?
(A) UNICEF
(B) UNESCO
(C) UNDRR
(D) All of these

58. Which NGO is an award winning organisation, providing disaster relief, recovery, and preparedness across India ?
(A) Rapid Response
(B) Sakal Relief Fund
(C) Care India
(D) Smile Foundation

59. Following is the list of International experts on Disaster Management. Which one is out of the sequence ?
(A) Michael Prietula
(B) Nicholas Canfield Read Brown
(C) Lisa Briggs
(D) R.K. Pachauri

60. Who won the Nobel Prize for Man-made Climate Change ?
(A) Johan Rockström
(B) Wangari Maathai
(C) Al Gore
(D) All of these