

Question Booklet No. :

ENTRANCE TEST-2025

SCHOOL OF EDUCATION AND BEHAVIOURAL SCIENCES

EDUCATION

Total Questions : 60

Time Allowed : 70 Minutes

Question Booklet Series

A

Entrance Test Roll No. :

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Important Instructions for Candidates :

1. Candidates shall compulsorily use only **blue/ black ball point pen**. In no case gel/ink pen or pencil should be used.
2. Compulsorily write your **entrance test roll number** in the space provided at the top of this page of the question booklet.
3. Fill up the necessary information in the spaces provided on OMR Answer Sheet including **Question Booklet Number** and **Question Booklet Series**.
4. OMR Answer Sheet has an original copy and a candidate's copy glued beneath it at the top. While making entries in the original copy, candidate should ensure that the **two copies are aligned properly** so that the entries made in the original copy against each item are exactly copied in the candidate's copy.
5. All entries in the OMR Answer Sheet, including answers to questions, are to be recorded in the Original Copy only.
6. **Choose only one correct/most appropriate response** for each question among the options A, B, C and D and darken the circle of the appropriate response completely. Incompletely darkened circle is not correctly read by the OMR scanner and no complaint to this effect shall be entertained.
7. **Do not darken more than one circle of option for any question. A question with more than one darkened response shall be considered wrong.**
8. **There will be negative marking for wrong answers. Each wrong answer will lead to deduction of 0.25 marks per wrong answer from the score.**
9. Only those candidates who obtain positive score in Entrance Test shall be eligible for admission.
10. Do not make any stray mark on the OMR sheet as this may lead to errors while scanning.
11. OMR answer sheet must be handled carefully and it should not be folded or mutilated, as in such case it will not be properly evaluated by the scanning machine.
12. Use of Electronic gadgets like calculator, mobile, smart watch, blue tooth etc. is strictly prohibited.
13. Rough work, if any, should be done on the blank sheets provided with the question booklet.
14. Ensure that the OMR Sheet is signed by the Examinee as well as by the invigilator.
15. At the end of the examination, fold the OMR Sheet along the crease on the top and tear off the top strip to separate the Original OMR Sheet from the Duplicate Copy.
16. Compulsorily hand over the **Original OMR Answer Sheet** to the invigilator.
17. Candidate's can retain duplicate copy of the OMR, Question Booklet and Admit Card.
18. If any of the information in the Response Sheet/Question Paper has been found missing or not mentioned as stated above, the candidate is solely responsible for that lapse.
19. Any deficiency on the OMR shall be the responsibility of the candidate himself/herself.

1. The branch of philosophy dealing with the nature of existence :
 (A) Axiology
 (B) Epistemology
 (C) Metaphysics
 (D) Logic
2. The true picture of Culture reflected through :
 (A) The language spoken by a society
 (B) The shared values, norms, and practices of a group of people
 (C) The geographic area where people live
 (D) The political structure of a nation
3. Which of the following is a characteristic of Instructional Technology ?
 (A) Focusing on learner behaviour
 (B) Developing and delivering instructional materials
 (C) Teaching students only through textbooks
 (D) Solely involving the use of computers
4. Classical conditioning speaks about the association between :
 (A) Response and reward
 (B) Stimulus and behaviour
 (C) Neutral stimulus and unconditioned stimulus
 (D) Observation and modelling
5. The role of the teacher in Idealistic philosophy is primarily :
 (A) Facilitator of group work
 (B) Source of moral and intellectual inspiration
 (C) Technical assistant
 (D) Evaluator of performance only
6. The propounder of stages of the creative process :
 (A) Guilford
 (B) Torrance
 (C) Wallas
 (D) Freud
7. Which of the following reflects Allama Iqbal's view on education ?
 (A) Education should aim at industrial productivity
 (B) Education should only be scientific and empirical
 (C) Education should lead to the development of the self
 (D) Education should prepare one for government jobs
8. John Dewey interprets democracy in education as :
 (A) One teacher for every student
 (B) Equal opportunity and participation in learning
 (C) Military-style schooling
 (D) Centralized curriculum control
9. Tolstoy Farm served as :
 (A) An agricultural cooperative
 (B) British administrative office
 (C) A factory set-up
 (D) Gandhi's experimental school
10. The first Education Minister of independent India :
 (A) Rabindranath Tagore
 (B) Zakir Hussain
 (C) Dr. S. Radhakrishnan
 (D) Maulana Abul Kalam Azad
11. Educational Sociology is primarily concerned with :
 (A) The impact of social structures on individual learning
 (B) The natural environment of schools
 (C) The development of educational technologies
 (D) The study of educational methodologies
12. The interdependence of education and philosophy means :
 (A) Education changes philosophy over time
 (B) Philosophy directs education and education refines philosophy
 (C) Education is independent of philosophy
 (D) Philosophy only supports religious education
13. The culture is :
 (A) Inherited biologically
 (B) Static over time
 (C) Learned and shared
 (D) Determined solely by religion

14. Multicultural education system connotes :
- Homogeneous teaching methods
 - Emphasis on a single cultural viewpoint
 - Acknowledgement and integration of diverse cultural perspectives
 - Standardized curriculum for all students
15. Social change refers to :
- Changes in individual behaviour
 - The alterations in social structures, norms, and values over time
 - Personal transformation of individuals
 - Political changes in the government
16. Education as an agent of social change :
- Impedes social change by maintaining traditions
 - Prepares individuals for employment
 - Focuses on academic content without influencing society
 - Facilitates the transformation of social values and norms
17. Rationalization is a Defence mechanism in which :
- Unacceptable impulses are redirected into acceptable actions
 - An individual gives socially acceptable reasons for behaviour motivated by unconscious impulses
 - The person forgets painful experiences unconsciously
 - Aggression is taken out on a safer substitute target
18. Social mobility connotes :
- Movement of people from rural to urban areas
 - Movement of individuals or groups in society based on socio-economic status
 - Movement of people across geographical borders
 - Movement of individuals based on educational attainment only
19. Social assimilation refers to :
- The process where a minority group adopts the customs and practices of the dominant culture
 - The competition between different social classes for resources
 - The adjustment of individuals to a new geographic area
 - The establishment of different social norms for different group
20. Match the Following :
- | Guidance | (Focus Areas/Subjects) |
|---------------------------------|--|
| 1. Educational Guidance | a. Helps students with career selection and job readiness |
| 2. Vocational Guidance | b. Focuses on academic subjects, study techniques, and career choices |
| 3. Personal and Social Guidance | c. Deals with emotional support, social skills, and mental well-being |
| 4. Mental Health Guidance | d. Guides students in dealing with mental health issues, stress management, and emotional well-being |
- Options:
- 1 → b, 2 → a, 3 → c, 4 → d
 - 1 → c, 2 → b, 3 → d, 4 → a
 - 1 → a, 2 → d, 3 → b, 4 → c
 - 1 → d, 2 → c, 3 → a, 4 → b

21. Readiness in Learning impacts :
- (A) Effectiveness
 - (B) Past experiences
 - (C) Level of intelligence
 - (D) Emotional stability
22. According to Pragmatism, knowledge is :
- (A) Absolute and fixed
 - (B) Derived from introspection
 - (C) Constructed through experience and action
 - (D) Divinely revealed
23. Which of the following is NOT a feature of insight learning ?
- (A) Suddenness
 - (B) Trial and error
 - (C) Reorganization of perception
 - (D) Understanding the whole
24. Spearman's theory describes intelligence as composition of :
- (A) Seven distinct primary mental abilities
 - (B) Practical, social, and abstract abilities
 - (C) General factor (g) and specific abilities (s)
 - (D) Stimulus-response bonds
25. The stage of 'Illumination' in creativity is associated with:
- (A) Logical verification
 - (B) A sudden insight
 - (C) Organizing collected information
 - (D) Brainstorming ideas in groups
26. Which of the following is a key principle of inclusive education?
- (A) Selective grouping
 - (B) Integration without support
 - (C) Equal participation and accessibility
 - (D) Homogeneous classrooms
27. The idea of 'Primary Mental Abilities' is associated with:
- (A) Edward Thorndike
 - (B) Howard Gardner
 - (C) Alfred Binet
 - (D) L.L. Thurstone
28. Sublimation is defined as :
- (A) Directing socially unacceptable impulses into acceptable actions
 - (B) Pretending a problem doesn't exist
 - (C) Avoiding responsibilities
 - (D) Transferring blame to others
29. Freud's Psychoanalytic theory emphasizes the role of:
- (A) Learned behaviours
 - (B) Conscious reasoning
 - (C) Body types and temperament
 - (D) The unconscious mind, instincts and childhood experiences
30. The Tripitakas are associated with :
- (A) Muslim education
 - (B) Vedic education
 - (C) Buddhist education
 - (D) Modern education
31. For the data: {10, 15, 10, 20, 10, 25}, the mode is :
- (A) 10
 - (B) 15
 - (C) 20
 - (D) 25
32. Which of the following is a principle of inclusive education ?
- (A) Standardized teaching for all
 - (B) Isolating students with disabilities
 - (C) Valuing diversity
 - (D) Teaching in separate classrooms

33. The Rights of Persons With Disabilities (RPWD) Act, 2016 mandates :
- (A) Special schools for all children with disabilities
 - (B) No support for inclusive classrooms
 - (C) Free and compulsory education for children with disabilities aged 6–18
 - (D) Segregation of children with severe impairments
34. Hearing impairment affects a student's ability to :
- (A) See clearly
 - (B) Communicate effectively through spoken language
 - (C) Read at grade level
 - (D) Walk or move freely
35. Educational technology is important in modern education because it :
- (A) Increases rote memorization
 - (B) Limits creativity
 - (C) Facilitates personalized and inclusive learning
 - (D) Replaces human teachers entirely
36. Which of the following is a primary benefit of the Internet in education ?
- (A) It provides a global platform for accessing information
 - (B) It reduces the need for classroom teaching
 - (C) It is only useful for university-level learning
 - (D) It prevents students from using traditional textbooks
37. Computer-Assisted Instruction (CAI) is primarily used for :
- (A) Group learning only
 - (B) Individualized instruction through computers
 - (C) Classroom management
 - (D) Social learning in physical classrooms
38. Which of the following is the correct sequence of the steps in the counselling process ?
- (A) Setting goals → Identifying problem → Intervention → Establishing relationship → Termination
 - (B) Establishing relationship → Identifying problem → Exploring the problem → Setting goals → Intervention → Termination → Follow-up
 - (C) Identifying problem → Establishing relationship → Exploring the problem → Setting goals → Termination → Intervention → Follow-up
 - (D) Establishing relationship → Intervention → Exploring the problem → Identifying problem → Setting goals → Termination → Follow-up
39. A teacher holds discussion with the students in order to select appropriate subject at higher secondary level. The teacher is indulged with :
- (A) Personal Guidance
 - (B) Vocational Guidance
 - (C) Educational Guidance
 - (D) Psychological Guidance
40. Thorndike is NOT associated with :
- (A) Law of Readiness
 - (B) Law of Exercise
 - (C) Law of Effect
 - (D) Law of Conditioning

41. Match the characteristics with the correct type of counselling:
- | | |
|---|------------------------------|
| 1. Counsellor takes the lead and provides solutions | a. Directive Counselling |
| 2. Emphasis on self-exploration by the client | b. Non-directive Counselling |
| 3. Developed by E.G Williamson | |
| 4. Developed by Carl Rogers | |
- Options:
- (A) 1-a, 2-b, 3-a, 4-b
 (B) 1-b, 2-a, 3-b, 4-a
 (C) 1-a, 2-a, 3-b, 4-b
 (D) 1-b, 2-b, 3-a, 4-a
42. One of the significant features of Vedic system of education :
- (A) Use of formal schools and classrooms
 (B) Oral transmission of knowledge through discussions and debates
 (C) Emphasis on scientific and technological advancement
 (D) Focus on individualistic education
43. Carl Jung's personality theory was based on :
- (A) IQ scores
 (B) Their childhood experiences
 (C) Introversion and extraversion
 (D) Their level of adjustment
44. The process of 'Upanayana' symbolize :
- (A) Graduation from Gurukula
 (B) Initiation into formal education and spiritual learning
 (C) Completion of memorizing the Vedas
 (D) A ritual for marriage and family life
45. Muslim education during the medieval period showed a blend of :
- (A) Purely theological studies with no secular subjects
 (B) Vedic scriptures and Greek logic
 (C) Religious teachings with secular sciences like astronomy and mathematics
 (D) Buddhist texts and Persian literature
46. The establishment of a national system of education to achieve national integration :
- (A) Kothari Commission
 (B) Kazmi Report
 (C) Wood's Despatch
 (D) The Sargent Report
47. Governor-General who formally introduced English education in India, based on the recommendations of Thomas Macaulay :
- (A) Lord William Bentinck
 (B) Lord Dalhousie
 (C) Lord Curzon
 (D) Lord Wellesley
48. The Kazmi Report (1950) primarily aimed at reforming the education system in the regions :
- (A) Punjab
 (B) Jammu and Kashmir
 (C) Uttar Pradesh
 (D) Gujarat
49. The Sargent Report (1944) proposed free and compulsory education for children :
- (A) 3-6 years
 (B) 6-14 years
 (C) 14-18 years
 (D) 7-16 years

50. The Wood's Despatch of 1854 is often referred to :
 (A) The Magna Carta of English Education in India
 (B) The Indian Education Constitution
 (C) The Charter of Indigenous Education
 (D) The First University Act of India
51. The median of the following numbers {8, 3, 5, 9, 6} is :
 (A) 3
 (B) 5
 (C) 6
 (D) 8
52. The main objective of the Operation Blackboard scheme :
 (A) Provide free textbooks to all secondary students
 (B) Train teachers in private schools
 (C) Improve basic facilities in primary schools
 (D) Promote vocational education at the secondary level
53. A major challenge in quality control in higher education is :
 (A) Frequent curriculum updates
 (B) Standardized assessments
 (C) Mushrooming of unregulated private institutions
 (D) Overstaffed government universities
54. The Wardha Scheme of Education (1937) concerned about :
 (A) Promoting higher education and research
 (B) Developing a system of education emphasizing craft-based learning
 (C) Introduction of foreign language courses in schools
 (D) Establishing universities in every province
55. The apex body primarily responsible for quality assurance in Indian higher education :
 (A) NCERT
 (B) NIEPA
 (C) NAAC
 (D) CBSE
56. The education commission advocating "Every training institution should have an experimental or a demonstration school attached to it"
 (A) Kothari
 (B) Mudaliar
 (C) National knowledge commission
 (D) National policy of education 1986
57. Rashtriya Madhyamik Shiksha Abhiyan (RMSA) focuses upon :
 (A) Universalize elementary education
 (B) Provide mid-day meals in high schools
 (C) Promote foreign language learning
 (D) Enhance access and improve the quality of secondary education
58. A correlation coefficient (r) of +0.85 indicates :
 (A) Weak negative correlation
 (B) Strong positive correlation
 (C) No correlation
 (D) Moderate negative correlation
59. When there are extreme scores in a data set, _____ is the most reliable central tendency.
 (A) Mean
 (B) Median
 (C) Mode
 (D) Range
60. What is the impact of rising privatization on higher education financing?
 (A) Increased equity and access
 (B) Reduced student debt
 (C) Higher tuition fees and social inequality
 (D) Greater public expenditure

ROUGH WORK

ENTRANCE TEST-2024

SCHOOL OF EDUCATION & BEHAVIOURAL SCIENCES

EDUCATION

Total Questions : 60
Time Allowed : 70 Minutes

Question Booklet Series

A

Roll No. :

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Instructions for Candidates :

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1. Components of culture is/are :
 - (A) Material
 - (B) Non material
 - (C) Both (A) & (B)
 - (D) None of the three
2. When one culture adapts the practices of another culture, it is called ?
 - (A) Socialization
 - (B) Acculturation
 - (C) Westernization
 - (D) Modernization
3. Education as an enrichment of culture is/are :
 - (A) Individual aim of education
 - (B) Economics of education
 - (C) Social aim of education
 - (D) All the above
4. Cultural lag is associated with :
 - (A) Ogburn
 - (B) Durkheim
 - (C) Marx
 - (D) Taylor
5. Social change is mainly facilitated by :
 - (A) Literature
 - (B) Basic science
 - (C) Education
 - (D) Religion
6. After independence the most powerful instrument of Social change in Jammu and Kashmir was :
 - (A) Prevention of untouchability
 - (B) Land to the tiller
 - (C) Reservation in employment for under privileged classes
 - (D) Reservation in education of girls
7. During infancy socialization is mostly facilitated by :
 - (A) Father
 - (B) Mother
 - (C) Play
 - (D) All the three
8. When the son of a peon becomes an IAS Officer, it is a _____ mobility.
 - (A) Horizontal
 - (B) Downward
 - (C) Vertical
 - (D) None of the three
9. Trial and error theory of learning is to Thorndike as classical conditioning theory is to _____.
 - (A) Pavlov
 - (B) Skinner
 - (C) Kohler
 - (D) Tolman
10. Dog is to Pavlov as rat is to _____.
 - (A) Thorndike
 - (B) Skinner
 - (C) Hull
 - (D) Kohler
11. The _____ is based on the principle that behaviour that is followed by a positive consequence is more likely to be repeated in the future.
 - (A) Law of effect
 - (B) Law of recency
 - (C) Law of primacy
 - (D) Law of exercise

12. Learning means :
- Modification of behaviour
 - Preparation for life
 - Both (A) and (B)
 - None of the three
13. If the mental age of a person is 20 and chronological age is 10 what is his IQ ?
- 50
 - 100
 - 200
 - 75
14. Statement I : Ravens advanced progressive matrices is a non-verbal test.
- Statement II : It can be used for literate people only:
- Both statements I and II are true
 - Both statements I and II are false
 - Statement I is true and Statement II is false
 - Statement II is true and Statement I is false
15. Statement I : Two factor theory of intelligence is given by Spearman.
- Statement II: G and S factor theory is given by Thorndike :
- Both statements I and II are true
 - Both statements I and II are false
 - Statement I is true and Statement II is false
 - Statement II is true and Statement I is false
16. Simon Binet's test of intelligence is a _____ test.
- Verbal
 - Non verbal
 - Performance
 - None of the three
17. Collective unconscious is to Jung as Psychoanalysis is to :
- Adler
 - Freud
 - Allport
 - All the three
18. Allport is associated with :
- Motivation
 - Learning
 - Personality
 - Intelligence
19. A short stature with wide frame and a higher body fat composition is a _____ personality type.
- Mesomorphic
 - Actomorphic
 - Both (A) and (B)
 - Endomorphic
20. Finding self-deceiving justification for unacceptable ideas is called :
- Repression
 - Rationalization
 - Suppression
 - Compensation

21. If a child is gifted which is most feasible for him in the school for a classroom teacher ?
- Individual project
 - Group project
 - Skipping class
 - None of the three
22. If a child has personal problem which is most feasible for him ?
- Guidance
 - Counselling
 - Socialization
 - None of the three
23. Guidance means :
- Direction
 - Advise
 - Assistance
 - All the three
24. Frank Pearson is associated with _____ guidance.
- Educational
 - Vocational
 - Personal
 - None of the above
25. Philosophy is the love of :
- Values
 - Knowledge
 - Reason
 - Wisdom
26. Knowledge as branch of philosophy is directly related to :
- Axiology
 - Epistemology
 - Ontology
 - None of the three
27. Philosophy determines :
- Aims of education
 - Methods of teaching
 - Curriculum
 - All the three
28. Teacher has a pivotal position in :
- Naturalism
 - Idealism
 - Pragmatism
 - Existentialism
29. Pragmatism is to project method as idealism is to _____.
- Dialogue
 - Observation
 - Experimental method
 - Play way method
30. Induction and deduction is to idealism as experience is to _____.
- Naturalism
 - Realism
 - Idealism
 - Pragmatism
31. Strict discipline is associated with :
- Pragmatism
 - Naturalism
 - Idealism
 - Existentialism

32. Idealism is to Plato as Pragmatism is to :
 (A) Rousseau
 (B) John Dewey
 (C) Sartre
 (D) Gabriel Marcel
33. Gandhi pleaded for :
 (A) Education
 (B) Craft
 (C) Education through craft
 (D) Both (A) and (B)
34. Shantiniketan is associated with :
 (A) Gandhi
 (B) Tagore
 (C) Iqbal
 (D) Azad
35. Iqbal was a :
 (A) Naturalist
 (B) Pragmatist
 (C) Idealist
 (D) Existentialist
36. 'India Wins Freedom' is a book written by :
 (A) Azad
 (B) Iqbal
 (C) Tagore
 (D) Gandhi
37. Gurukul is associated with _____ education.
 (A) Vedic
 (B) Buddhist
 (C) Muslim
 (D) None of the three
38. Buddhist education is to monasteries as Muslim education is to :
 (A) Madrasa
 (B) Maktaba
 (C) Both (A) and (B)
 (D) Gurukul
39. Literacy rate of India as per Census 2011 is :
 (A) 74.04
 (B) 70
 (C) 65
 (D) 64
40. Under multiple entry and multiple exit basis NEP 2020 recommends degree of certificate be awarded, if a student wants to leave degree course only after :
 (A) 1 year
 (B) 2 years
 (C) 3 years
 (D) 4 years
41. Orientalist and Occidentalism controversy is associated with :
 (A) Sadler Commission
 (B) Sergeant Report
 (C) Wood's Despatch
 (D) Macaulay's Minutes
42. First Indian Education Commission is to year 1882 as Sergeant Report is to :
 (A) 1964-66
 (B) 1944
 (C) 1935
 (D) 1952-53

43. Wood's Despatch has recommended the establishment of university/universities at :
- Calcutta
 - Bombay
 - Madras
 - All the three
44. Upanyana ceremony is associated with :
- Muslim education
 - Buddhist education
 - Vedic education
 - None of the above
45. Bhagwan Sahay report is to 1972 as Qazmi report is to _____ .
- 1950
 - 1960
 - 1955
 - 1968
46. As per 1986 NPE Nayodaya Vidyalaya concept is associated with Education of the :
- Gifted
 - Slow learner
 - ST
 - SC
47. Common core curriculum is recommended by _____ Commission :
- Sadler
 - Mudaliar
 - Kothari
 - Radhakrishnan
48. Delinking degrees from jobs is associated with :
- University Education Commission
 - Secondary Education Commission
 - NPE 1986
 - Kothari Education Commission
49. Quality control is the issue of :
- Elementary education
 - Higher education
 - Secondary education
 - ECCE
50. Main objective of secondary education is :
- Writing
 - Reading
 - Arithmetic
 - Vocationalisation
51. Secondary Education Mission is linked with :
- ECCE
 - SSA
 - RMSA
 - RUSA
52. Which higher education institution of Jammu and Kashmir hosted Youth 20 event of India's G20 Presidency ?
- Agricultural University of Kashmir
 - University of Kashmir
 - Cluster University of Kashmir
 - Central University of Kashmir

53. Literacy among women can be best increased by sensitising parents through :
- Radio
 - TV
 - Both (A) and (B)
 - Print media
54. Statement I : Values are more caught than taught.
Statement II : Values are more taught than caught :
- Both Statements I and II are true
 - Both Statements I and II are false
 - Statement I is true and Statement II is false
 - Statement II is true and Statement I is false
55. Professor Neelofar Hassan Khan is the _____ female Vice Chancellor of University of Kashmir.
- 1st
 - 2nd
 - 3rd
 - 4th
56. Human rights are violated in :
- Armed conflict
 - War
 - Both (A) and (B)
 - None of the three
57. Education as a fundamental right is associated with Article _____ of the Indian Constitution.
- 45
 - 21
 - 21A
 - 46
58. _____ is a point above and below which 50 percent of the cases lie.
- Mean
 - Median
 - Mode
 - All the three
59. The coefficient of correlation limits are :
- 0.9 to 1
 - 0.99 to 1
 - 1 to +1
 - 0.5 to 1
60. When the data is normally distributed over its population we can use _____ to find out the coefficient of correlation.
- Rank Order
 - Product Moment
 - Both (A) and (B)
 - None of the above